Portla	and Cement
Central Plains Cement Company <sup>Safety Da</sup>	
	Pederal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations         Version: 1.0           e: 04/17/2015         Date of issue: 03/12/2015         Version: 1.0
<b>SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION</b>	
1.1. Product Identifier	
Product Form: Mixture	
Product Name: Portland Cement	
	and Cement – Type I, I Low alkali, II, II Low alkali, II MH, III, V, Masonry Type N,
Masonry Type S, Oil Well – Class C, Class C 1.2. Intended Use of the Product	
1.3. Name, Address, and Telephon Manufacturer	Manufacturer
Central Plains Cement	Central Plains Cement
2609 N. 145th East Ave	200 N Courtney Road
74116 Tulsa, OK - USA	64050 Sugar Creek, MO - USA
T 918-437-3902	T 816-257-3683
www.centralplainscement.com	
1.4. Emergency Telephone Number	er
Emergency Number	: 816-257-3676
<b>SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATI</b>	ON
2.1. Classification of the Substanc	e or Mixture
Classification (GHS-US)	
Skin Corr. 1A H314	
Eye Dam. 1 H318	
Skin Sens. 1 H317	
STOT SE 3 H335	
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16	
2.2. Label Elements	
GHS-US Labeling	
Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)	
	GHS05 GHS07
Signal Word (GHS-US)	: Danger
Hazard Statements (GHS-US)	: H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
	H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage.
	H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)	: P260 - Do not breathe dust.
recoulding statements (ons ob)	P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and exposed areas thoroughly after handling.
	P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
	P280 - Wear eye protection, face protection, protective clothing, and protective
	gloves.
	P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
	P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
	P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated
	clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
	P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position
	comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.
	Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER, a doctor.
	P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
	P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
	P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
	P405 - Store locked up.
	P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national,

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and international regulations.

## 2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate those with pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

#### 2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

## 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
Cement, portland, chemicals	(CAS No) 65997-15-1	30 - 100	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335
Limestone	(CAS No) 1317-65-3	0 - 50	Not classified
Calcium hydroxide	(CAS No) 1305-62-0	0 - 20	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 3, H402
Gypsum (Ca(SO4).2H2O)	(CAS No) 13397-24-5	2 - 10	Not classified
Calcium oxide	(CAS No) 1305-78-8	0 - 5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335
Magnesium oxide (MgO)	(CAS No) 1309-48-4	0 - 4	Not classified

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

### 4.1. Description of First Aid Measures

**First-aid Measures General**: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

**First-aid Measures After Inhalation**: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

**First-aid Measures After Skin Contact**: Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 60 minutes. Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**First-aid Measures After Eye Contact**: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 60 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention.

**First-aid Measures After Ingestion**: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Symptoms/Injuries:** Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Dust may cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Causes severe skin burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes serious eye damage.

**Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion:** Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects. Cement should not be eaten under any circumstances.

**Chronic Symptoms:** Portland cement may contain trace amounts (<0.1%) of free crystalline silica. Repeated or prolonged exposure to respirable (airborne) crystalline silica dust will cause lung damage in the form of silicosis. Symptoms will include progressively more difficult breathing, cough, fever, and weight loss.

## 4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.

## SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1. Extinguishing Media

**Suitable Extinguishing Media:** Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire. **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:** Do not use a heavy water stream.

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## 5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Non-combustible.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive.

**Reactivity:** Wet cement is alkaline and is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts and aluminum metal. Cement dissolves in hydrofluoric acid, producing corrosive silicon tetrafluoride gas. Cement reacts with water to form silicates and calcium hydroxide. Silicates react with powerful oxidizers such as fluorine, boron trifluoride, chlorine trifluoride, manganese trifluoride, and oxygen difluoride.

## 5.3. Advice for Firefighters

**Precautionary Measures Fire:** Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

**Firefighting Instructions:** Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water sources. Do not breathe fumes or vapors from fire.

**Protection During Firefighting:** Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. **Other Information:** Refer to Section 9 for flammability properties.

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### 6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

**General Measures**: Avoid all contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Do not breathe dust.

#### 6.1.1. For Non-emergency Personnel

**Protective Equipment:** Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

#### 6.1.2. For Emergency Responders

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

**Emergency Procedures:** Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

#### 6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

## 6.3. Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain and collect as any solid. Avoid creating or spreading dust.

**Methods for Cleaning Up:** Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Recover the spillage in a dry state if possible. Minimize generation of airborne dust. The product can be slurried by the addition of water but will subsequently set as a hard material. Keep children away from the clean-up operation. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Utilize a dust suppressant when removing mechanically.

#### 6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See heading 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. Concerning disposal elimination after cleaning, see item 13.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### 7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Precautions for Safe Handling: Do not breathe dust. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

**Hygiene Measures:** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

### 7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible Products: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

### 7.3. Specific End Use(s) Concrete mixes for construction

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

Cement, port	land, chemicals (65997-15-1)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1%
		crystalline silica, respirable fraction)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust)
		5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable dust)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

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USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust)
		5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
Gypsum (Ca(	SO4).2H2O) (13397-24-5)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust)
		5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable dust)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust)
		5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
Limestone (1	317-65-3)	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust)
		5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable dust)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust)
		5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
Calcium hydi	roxide (1305-62-0)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust)
		5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
Calcium oxid	e (1305-78-8)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Magnesium	oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	750 mg/m³ (fume)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume, total particulate)
-		

## 8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls

- : Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.
- **Personal Protective Equipment**
- especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.
  Protective goggles. Face shield. Gloves. Protective clothing. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.

wearrespira	iory protection	011.		
			R	600

Materials for Protective Clothing	: Corrosion-proof clothing.
Hand Protection	: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.
Eye Protection	: Chemical safety goggles and face shield.
Skin and Body Protection	: Wear suitable protective clothing.
Respiratory Protection	<ul> <li>If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn.</li> </ul>
Environmental Exposure Controls	: Avoid release to the environment.
Consumer Exposure Controls	: Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.
SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEM	1ICAL PROPERTIES
9.1. Information on Basic Physi	cal and Chemical Properties
Physical State	: Solid
Appearance	: Gray or white powder
Odor	: No distinct odor
Odor Threshold	: No data available
рН	: 12 - 13
Evaporation Rate	: No data available

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Melting Point	: No data available
Freezing Point	: No data available
Boiling Point	: >1000 °C (1832 °F)
Flash Point	: No data available
Auto-ignition Temperature	: No data available
Decomposition Temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor Pressure	: No data available
Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative Density	: No data available
Specific Gravity	: 3.15
Solubility	: Water: Slightly soluble (0.1 to 1%)
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	: No data available
Viscosity	: No data available
0.2 Other Information Ne additional info	

9.2. Other Information No additional information available

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**10.1. Reactivity:** Wet cement is alkaline and is incompatible with acids, ammonium salts and aluminum metal. Cement dissolves in hydrofluoric acid, producing corrosive silicon tetrafluoride gas. Cement reacts with water to form silicates and calcium hydroxide. Silicates react with powerful oxidizers such as fluorine, boron trifluoride, chlorine trifluoride, manganese trifluoride, and oxygen difluoride.

10.2. Chemical Stability: Stable under normal ambient conditions.

**10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:** Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**10.4.** Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Incompatible materials.

**10.5.** Incompatible Materials: Acids. Ammonium salts. Aluminum.

**10.6.** Hazardous Decomposition Products: None known.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information On Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)		
LD50 Oral Rat	7340 mg/kg	
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2500 mg/kg	
_		

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

**pH:** 12 - 13

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye damage.

**pH:** 12 - 13

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Dust may cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Causes severe skin burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects. Cement should not be eaten under any circumstances.

**Chronic Symptoms:** Portland cement may contain trace amounts (<0.1%) of free crystalline silica. Repeated or prolonged exposure to respirable (airborne) crystalline silica dust will cause lung damage in the form of silicosis. Symptoms will include progressively more difficult breathing, cough, fever, and weight loss.

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### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

•	
Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)	
LC50 Fish 1	50.6 mg/l
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
LC50 Fish 1	1070 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio [static])
12.2. Persistence and Degradability	
Portland Cement (68475-76-3)	

## Persistence and Degradability

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

Portland Cement (68475-76-3)	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)	
BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation)
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation)

### **12.4. Mobility in Soil** No additional information available

### 12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information

#### : Avoid release to the environment.

## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Sewage Disposal Recommendations: Do not empty into drains. Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Not established.

**Waste Disposal Recommendations:** Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, and international regulations.

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

- **14.1.** In Accordance with DOT Not regulated for transport
- **14.2.** In Accordance with IMDG Not regulated for transport
- **14.3.** In Accordance with IATA Not regulated for transport

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1 US Federal Regulations

Portland Cement (68475-76-3)		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard	
	Delayed (chronic) health hazard	
Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Limestone (1317-65-3)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes Immediate (acute) health hazard		

## Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

## 15.2 US State Regulations

#### Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

## Gypsum (Ca(SO4).2H2O) (13397-24-5)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

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Limestone (1317-65-3)	
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)	
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
IIS - Massachusetts - Right To Know List	

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

### Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

**Revision Date** 

**Other Information** 

: 04/17/2015

: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Portland cement should only be used by knowledgeable persons. Inexperienced product users must obtain proper training before using this product. A key to using the product safely requires the user to recognize that Portland cement chemically reacts with water, and that some of the intermediate products of this reaction (that is, those present while a Portland cement product is "setting") pose a far more severe hazard than does Portland cement itself.

#### **GHS Full Text Phrases:**

Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H402	Harmful to aquatic life

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SDS US (GHS HazCom)